

Gas Clean-up and Conditioning

DOE OBP Thermochemical Platform Review Meeting June 7-8, 2005

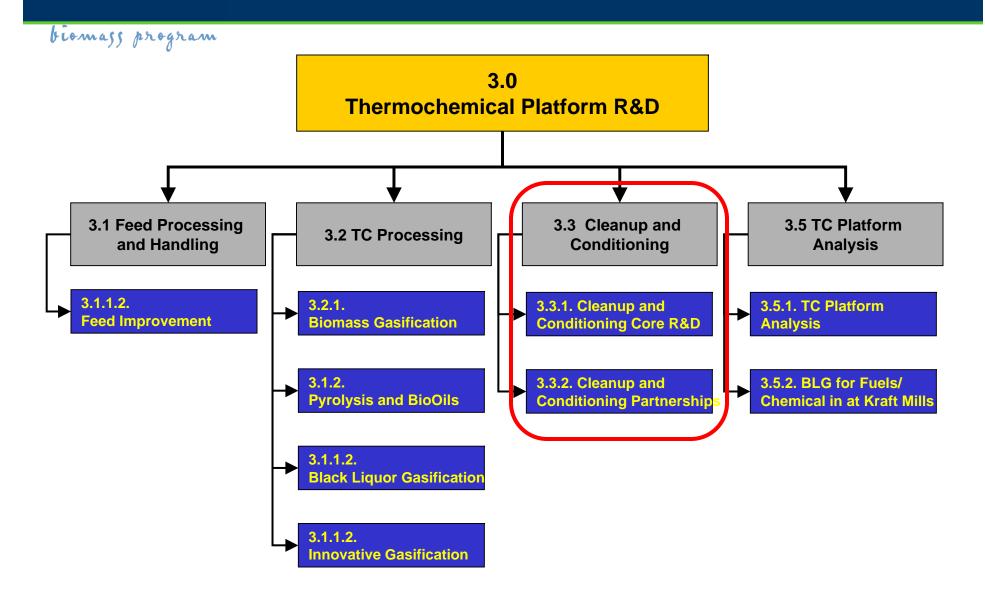
Richard Bain, NREL

- Session Agenda
- Strategic Fit of Projects in Session
 - TC Area fit
 - Stage gate fit
 - Pathways fit
 - Milestone fit
- Technical Barriers Addressed
- Customers
- Legal/Regulatory Compliance
- Session Project Budgets

Session Agenda

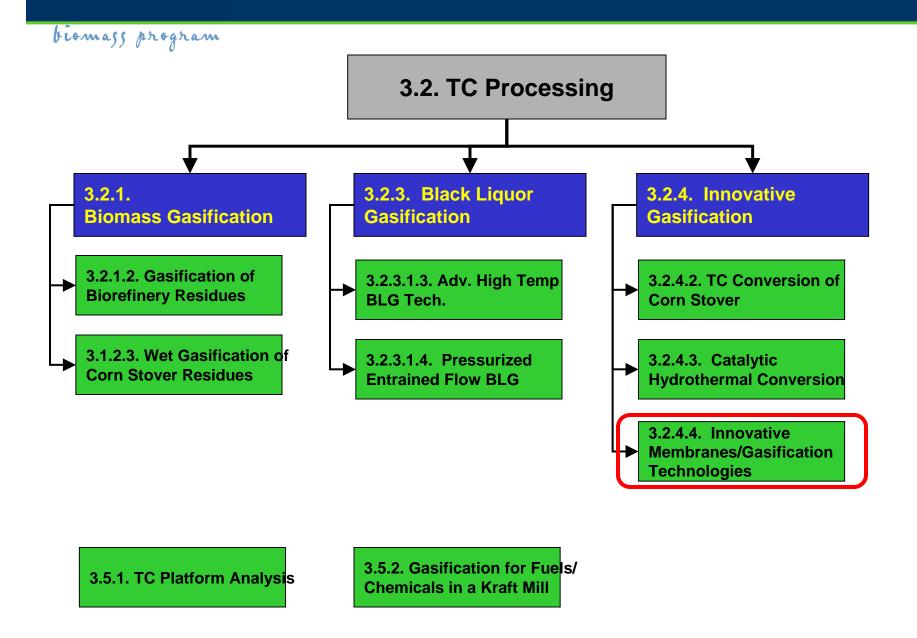
Session 1: WBS 3.3 Clean-up and Conditioning					
Chair: Richard Bain (NREL)					
7:50	Overview – R. Bain, NREL				
8:10	Integrated Catalyst Studies – D. Dayton, NREL				
8:40	Catalyst Fundamentals - K. Magrini, NREL				
9:10	Verification of Syngas Quality – J. White, PNNL				
9:40	Sulfur Removal and Gasification Membranes – R. Bain, NREL				
10:10	Break				
10:40	Syngas Clean-up using a Therminator—S. Gangwal, Research Triangle Inst.				
11:00	Catalysts for In-Process Elimination of Tars – L. Felix, Gas Technology Inst.				
11:20	Trace Metal Scavenging from Syngas – T. Gale, Southern Research Inst.				

Thermochemical Platform



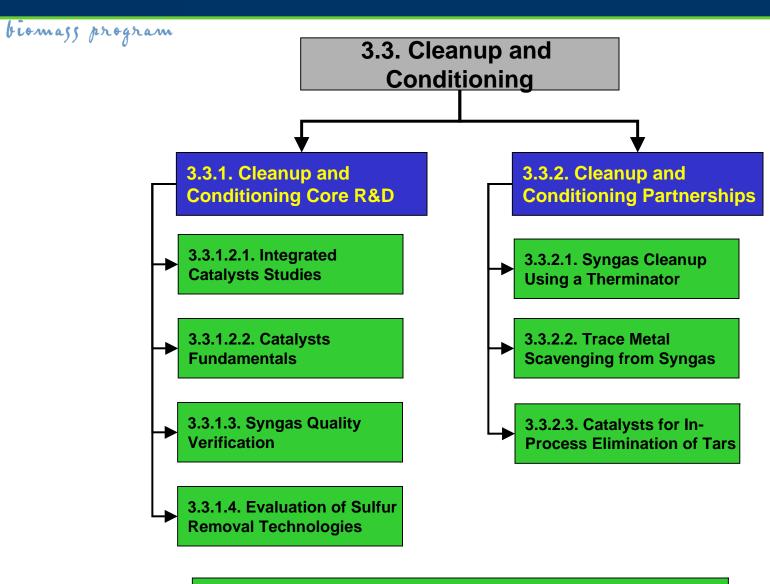


Thermochemical Platform



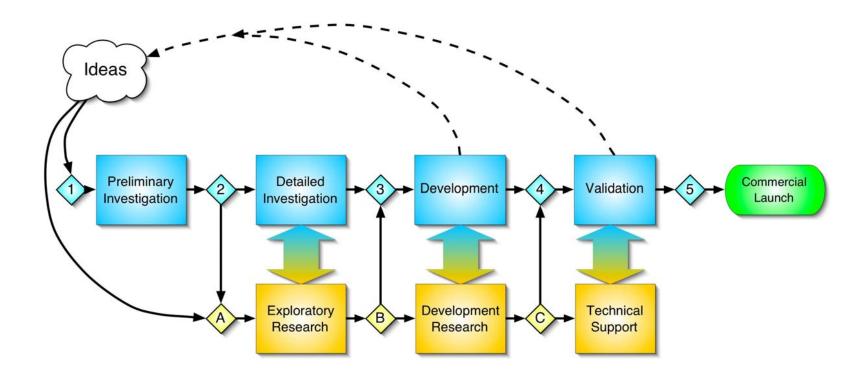


Thermochemical Platform



3.5.1. TC Platform Analysis

What Stage is the project in?



Stage Gate Fit

biomass program

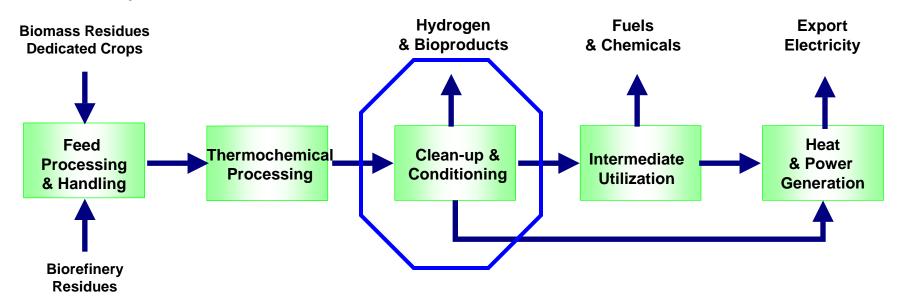
Project	Stage		
Integrated Catalyst Studies (NREL)	RT Stage B, Development Research		
Catalyst Fundamentals Studies (NREL)	RT Stage B, Development Research		
Verification of Syngas Quality (PNNL/NREL)	RT Stage A, Exploratory Research		
Sulfur Removal and Gasification Membranes (NREL/PNNL)	RT Stage A, Exploratory Research		
Syngas Cleanup Using a Therminator (RTI)	RT Stage B, Development Research		
Trace Metal Scavenging from Syngas (SRI)	RT Stage B, Development Research		
Catalysts for In-Processing Removal of Tars (GTI)	RT Stage B, Development Research		

CT = Commercial Track

RT = Research Track

Technical Barrier Areas

biomass program

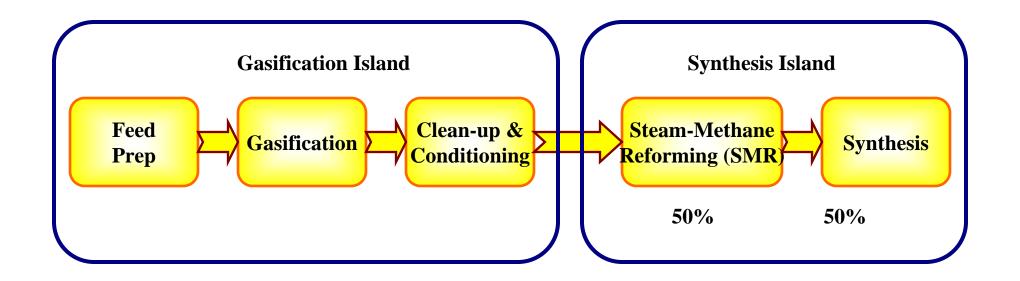


Objectives/Tech Feasibility/Competitive Advantage:

- Produce Clean Syngas Meeting Downstream Cleanliness Requirements
 - •Tars {e.g. <0.1 mg/Nm³ for methanol synthesis}
 - •Heteroatoms {e.g. <0.1 mg/Nm³ for methanol synthesis}
 - •Inorganics {e.g. < 0.01 mg/Nm³ for methanol synthesis}
 Source: "Unit Operations of Biomass Gasification," Report 2DEN-02.20, NOVEM, 2002
- •Reduce Light Hydrocarbons impact in overall process costs
- •Reduce carbon emissions, versus fossil-based processes

Technical Barriers Addressed

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60% of Cost

40% of Cost

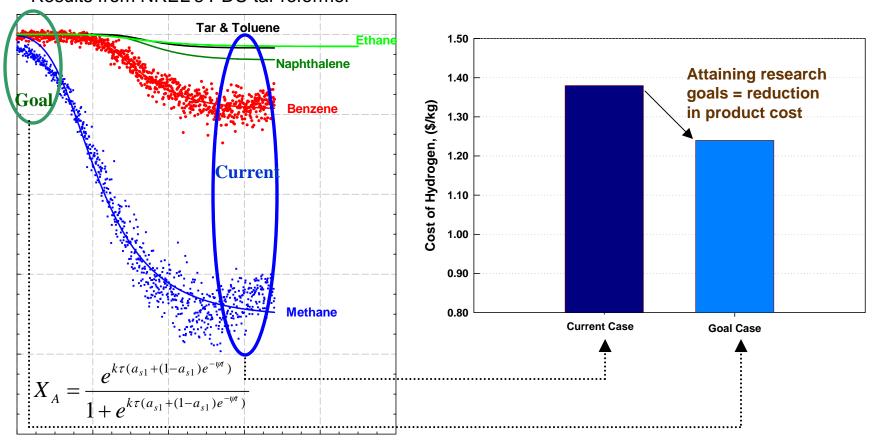
Reforming of light hydrocarbons in conditioning step can eliminate the need for SMR, potentially saving 20% in capital

Catalytic Cleanup – Current & Goal Conversions

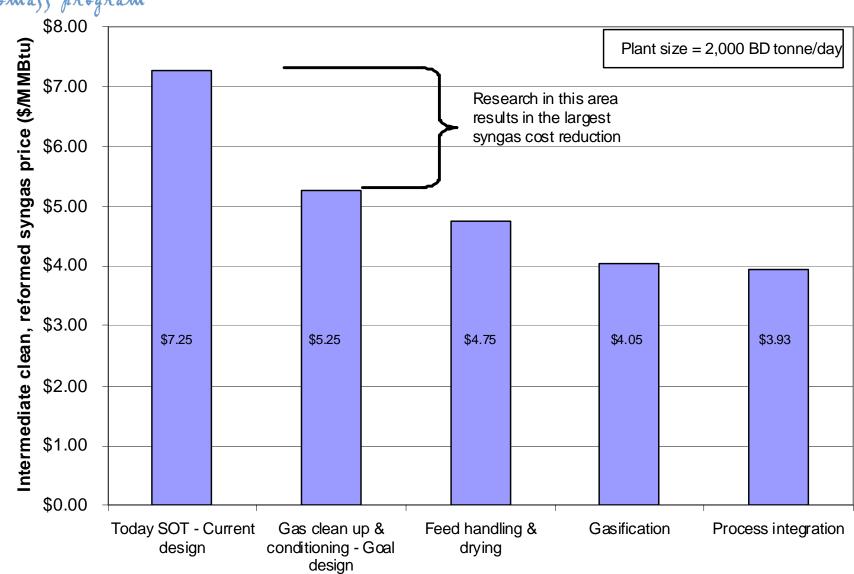
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Results from NREL's PDU tar reformer

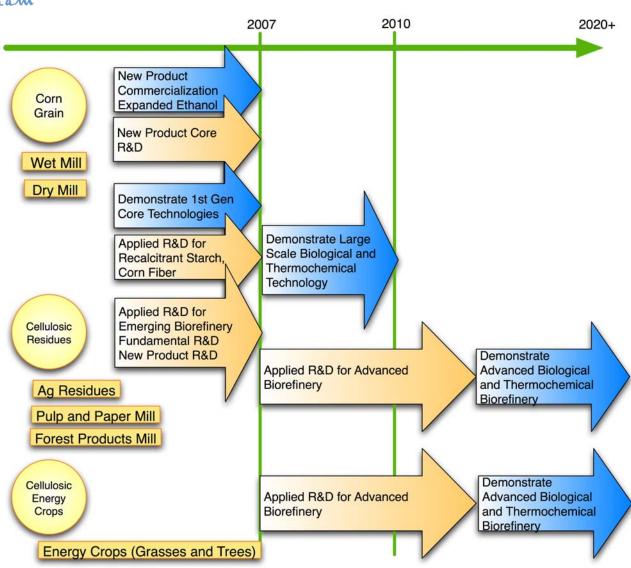
Potential Impact of Reformer Eficiency of Cost of Hydrogen (2,000 TPD Plant, Low-Pressure Steam Gasification)





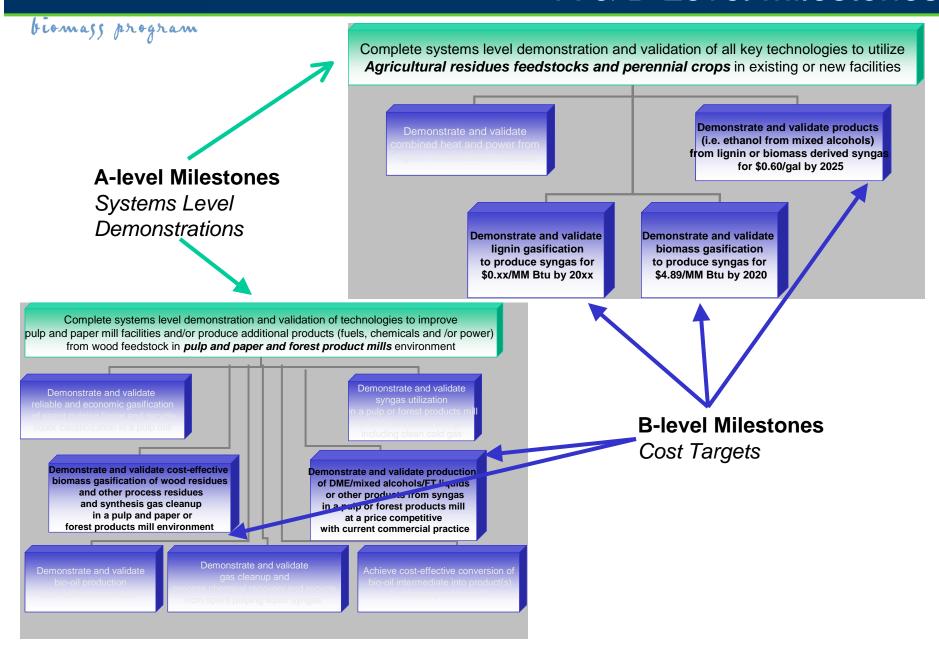


Pathways





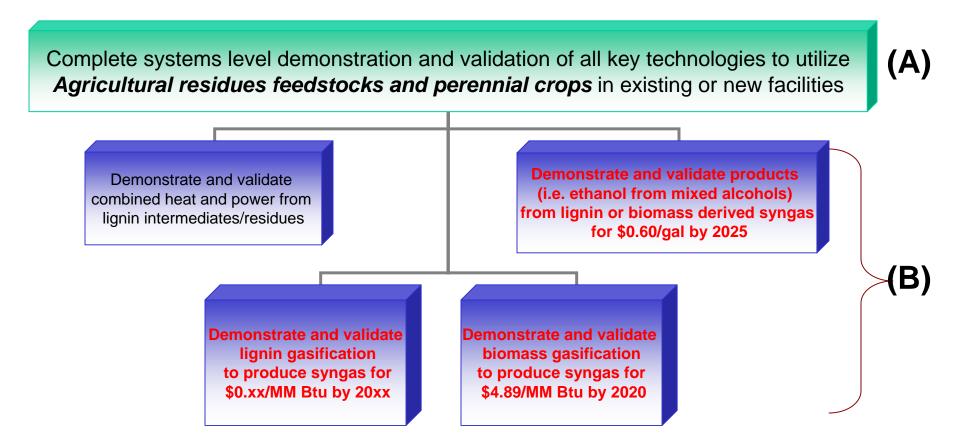
Pathways and Milestones – A & B Level Milestones



Impact of Thermochemical Platform R&D on A and B Milestones in the Agricultural Residues and Perennial Crops Pathways

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Relationship of Milestones to Pathways





Impact of Thermochemical Platform R&D on A and B Milestones in the Pulp and Paper and Forest Products Pathway

Relationship of Milestones to Pathways

Complete systems level demonstration and validation of technologies to improve pulp and paper mill facilities and/or produce additional products (fuels, chemicals and /or power) from wood feedstock in *pulp and paper and forest product mills* environment

Demonstrate and validate reliable and economic gasification of spent pulping liquor and recycle liquor causticization in a pulp mill

Demonstrate and validate cost-effective biomass gasification of wood residues and other process residues and synthesis gas cleanup in a pulp and paper or forest products mill environment

Demonstrate and validate
syngas utilization
in a pulp or forest products mill
for CHP and direct fuel gas
including clean cold gas

Demonstrate and validate production of DME/mixed alcohols/FT liquids or other products from syngas in a pulp or forest products mill at a price competitive with current commercial practice

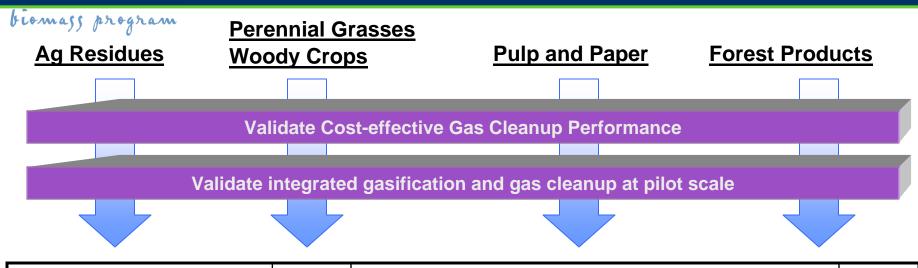
Demonstrate and validate bio-oil production to a stable intermediate

Demonstrate and validate
gas cleanup and
process chemical recovery and recycle
from spent pulping liquor syngas

Achieve cost-effective conversion of bio-oil intermediate into product(s) in a forest products mill



Pathways and Milestones – C-level and Project Milestones



Project Milestones	Туре	Type Performance Expectations		

 Customers are the current and future operators of biomass processing facilities, and the partners who provide them with engineering and equipment.

Legal/Regulatory Compliance

- There are regulatory drivers that may support TC technology (cluster rules and VOC emissions)
- There are no specific, individual patents that are required for the commercialization. There are a number of alternative patents for gas clean-up and product synthesis.

- The operational conditions, systems integration and size of the technology will vary with the different for the different pathways, e.g., current dry mills, pulp and paper (BLG) compared to and future integrated BC/TC biorefineries
- There are numerous examples of commercial technology for the conversion of syngas to fuels and chemicals

Project	FY 04	FY 05	FY 06 Plan	Future Plan
3.1 Feed Processing & Handling		400	300	
3.2. Gasification	2,725	1,667	1,220	
3.3 Cleanup and Conditioning	3,053	4,273	3,470	
3.5 TC Analysis	851	750	610	
Total Funding	6,629	7,090	5,600	